- $R^2$  is a straight-chained alkyl moiety selected from the group consisting of -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub>CH<sub>3</sub> and -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>9</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, or an alkenyl group or alkynyl group having from 1 to 23 carbon atoms in the aliphatic chain;
- Z² is a phosphorylcholine attachment-inhibiting group selected/from the group consisting of -X¹, -OX¹, -X²X³ and -OX²X³;
- X¹ is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)H, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, CH3, C(CH3)3, Si(CH3)3, Si(CH3)3, Si(CH3)3, Si(CH3)3, Si(CH3)3, Si(CH3)3, Si(CH3)3, a phenyl group, an alkyl-substituted phenyl group having from 1 to 6 carbons in the alkyl chain, an alkyl chain having from 1 to 6 carbons, an amino group, a fluorine, a chlorine, and a group having the formula C(R<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>)OH;

 $X^2$  is selected from the group consisting of CH<sub>2</sub>-,  $C(CH_3)_2$ -, Si(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, Si(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-,

X³ is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)H, -CH3, -C(CH3)3, -Si(CH3)3, -Si(CH3)3, -Si(C(CH3)3)2, -Si(C(CH3)3)3, -Si(PO4)2C(CH3)3, a phenyl group, an alkyl-substituted phenyl group having from 1 to 6 carbons in the alkyl chain, an alkyl chain having from 1 to 6 carbons, an amino moiety, a chlorine, a fluorine, or a group having the formula C(R³R⁴)OH, wherein each of R³ and R⁴ is independently an alkyl chain having from 1 to 6 carbons, a phenyl group or an alkyl-substituted phenyl group having from 1 to 6 carbons in the alkyl chain;

wherein when  $Z^2$  is an amino group,  $R^2$  is an aliphatic chain having from 1 to 9 or from 19 to 23 carbon atoms in the aliphatic chain;

and wherein the compound comprises at least about 5 mole percent of the lipid.

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16. A compound having the formula  $R^1-Y^1-CHZ^1-CH(NY^2Y^3)-CH_2-Z^2$ , wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is a straight-chained alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl group having from 5 to 19 carbon atoms in the aliphatic chain;

Y<sup>1</sup> is -CH=CH-, -C≡C- or -CH(OH)CH(OH)-;

- $Z^1$  is OH or a phosphorylcholine attachment-inhibiting group selected from the group consisting of -X<sup>1</sup>, -OX<sup>1</sup>, -X<sup>2</sup>X<sup>3</sup> and - $\sqrt[3]{2}$ X<sup>3</sup>;
- Y<sup>2</sup> is H, a phenyl group, an alkyl-substituted phenyl group having from 1 to about 6 carbons in the alkyl chain, or an alkyl chain having from 1 to 10 carbons;
- $Y^3$  is H or a group having the formula  $-(O)R^2$  or  $-S(O)_2R^2$ ;

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- R<sup>2</sup> is a straight-chained alkyl moiety selected from the group consisting of -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub>CH<sub>3</sub> and -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>9</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, an alkenyl group group having from 1 to 23 carbon atoms in the aliphatic chain and an alkynyl/group having from 1 to 23 carbon atoms in the aliphatic chain;
- Z<sup>2</sup> is OH or a phosphorylcholine attachment-inhibiting group selected from the group consisting of -X<sup>1</sup>, -OX<sup>1</sup>, -X<sup>2</sup>X<sup>3</sup> and -OX<sup>2</sup>X<sup>3</sup>;
- X¹ is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)H, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, <u>CH3, C(CH3)3, Si(CH3)3</u>, <u>Si</u>CH3(C(CH3)3)2, Si(C(CH3)3)3, Si(PO4)2C(CH3)3, a phenyl group, an alkyl-substituted phenyl group having from 1 to 6 carbons in the alkyl chain, an alkyl chain having from 1 to 6 carbons, an amino group, a fluorine, a chlorine, and a group having the formula C(R<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>)OH;

X<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of CH<sub>2</sub>-/C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, Si(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, Si(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-,

X³ is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)H -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -CH<sub>3</sub>, -C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, -Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, -Si(C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -Si(C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, -Si(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, a phenyl group, an alkyl-substituted phenyl group having from 1 to 6 carbons in the alkyl chain, an alkyl chain having from 1 to 6 carbons, an amino moiety, a chlorine, a fluorine, or a group having the formula C(R<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>/OH, wherein each of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> is independently an alkyl chain having from 1 to 6 carbons, a phenyl group or an alkyl-substituted phenyl group having from 1 to 6 carbons in the alkyl chain;

wherein when  $Z^2$  is an amino group,  $R^2$  is an aliphatic chain having from 1 to 9 or from 19 to 23 carbon atoms in the aliphatic chain.

The compound of claim 16 having the formula  $CH_3(CH_2)_{12}$ - $CH=CH-CH_{[2]}Z^1$ - $CH(NHY^3)$ - $CH_2$ - $Z^2$ .

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